

M: Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes

At the end of the course, the successful student should be able to:

- Define the terms “population” and “sample” as they apply to Statistics
- Define and differentiate between the nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio levels of measurement
- Explain the proper use of Statistics within real world application and provide examples of its abuse
- Have an understanding of experimental design and the use of random number tables and generators
- Employ statistical software such as SPSS and/or Minitab in their own statistical investigations
- Create and interpret frequency tables, histograms, cumulative frequency tables and ogives, stem and leaf displays and scatter plots
- Calculate and interpret measures of central tendency and variation
- Calculate and interpret standard scores
- Understand the classical and relative frequency approaches to probability and employ counting techniques
- Know and apply the addition and multiplication rules for probability and the concept of conditional probability
- Be able to differentiate between discrete and continuous random variables
- Understand and apply Tchebychev’s theorem
- Determine whether the conditions for a Binomial experiment apply and compute the Binomial probabilities
- Compute the mean, variance and standard deviation for the Binomial distribution
- Understand and apply the Poisson and other probability distributions
- Determine probabilities of standard and non-standard normal random variables
- Use the Normal distribution to approximate Binomial probabilities
- Understand and apply the Student t distribution
- Apply the Central Limit Theorem to estimate population parameters using large and small samples
- Apply the Central Limit Theorem to estimate the difference between population parameters
- Perform hypothesis tests on population parameters or the difference between population parameters using large and small samples
- Understand and apply the concepts of Correlation and Regression to multi variable data and create prediction intervals
- Create Contingency Tables and perform goodness-of-fit testing in multinomial experiments

N: Course Content:

1. Introduction to Statistics
 - The nature of data, uses and abuses of statistics, design of experiments statistics with calculator and computers.
2. Describing exploring and comparing data
 - Summarizing data with frequency tables, pictures of data, measures of central tendency, measures of variation, measures of position, exploratory data analysis.
3. Probability
 - Definitions, addition rule, multiplication rule, probabilities through simulation, counting
4. Probability Distributions
 - Random variables, binomial experiments, mean, variance and standard deviation for the Binomial distribution and Poisson distribution
5. Normal Probability Distributions
 - The Standard Normal distribution, non-standard Normal distributions, the Central Limit Theorem, Normal approximation to the Binomial distribution
6. Estimates and Sample Sizes
 - Estimating a population mean: large samples, estimating a population mean: small samples, estimating a population proportion
7. Hypothesis Testing
 - Fundamentals of Hypothesis Testing, testing a claim about a mean: large samples, testing a claim about a mean: small samples, testing a claim about a proportion

<p>8. Inferences from Two Samples</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inferences about two means: dependent samples, inferences about two means: independent and large samples, inferences about two means: independent and small samples, inferences about two proportions <p>9. Correlation and Regression</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correlation, regression variation and prediction intervals, multiple regression <p>10. Multinomial Experiments and Contingency Tables</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multinomial experiments: goodness-of-fit, contingency tables: independence and homogeneity 										
<p>O: Methods of Instruction</p> <p>Lectures, group work, computer laboratory exercises/assignments.</p>										
<p>P: Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students</p> <p>Moore, <u>The Basic Practice of Statistics</u>, 2nd Edition, Freeman, 2000</p>										
<p>Q: Means of Assessment</p> <p>Evaluation will be carried out in accordance with Douglas College policy. The instructor will present a written course outline with specific evaluation criteria at the beginning of the semester.</p> <table data-bbox="284 898 852 1050"> <tr> <td>a. Weekly Quizzes</td> <td>0 – 20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>b. Term Tests</td> <td>20 – 70%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>c. Computer Labs</td> <td>0 – 30%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>d. Participation/Attendance</td> <td>0 – 5 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>e. Final Exam</td> <td>20 - 40%</td> </tr> </table> <p>Note: Students may be required to pass the final exam in order to be eligible to pass the course.</p>	a. Weekly Quizzes	0 – 20%	b. Term Tests	20 – 70%	c. Computer Labs	0 – 30%	d. Participation/Attendance	0 – 5 %	e. Final Exam	20 - 40%
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<p>R: Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR</p> <p>None</p>										

 Course Designer(s)

 Education Council / Curriculum Committee Representative

 Dean / Director

 Registrar