

EFFECTIVE: SEPTEMBER 2004 CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

A:	Division:	INSTRUCTIONAL	Effe	ective Date	e:		SEPTEN	ABER 2004	
В:	Department / Program Area:	PSYCHOLOGY FACULTY OF HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES	Rev	ision	X		New Cou	urse	
			Rev	evision, S ised: e of Previo			C, H JUNE 20	001	
			Date	e of Curre	nt Re	vision:	APRIL 2	2004	
C:	PSYC 23	D: RESEARCH MET	HOD	S IN PSY	СНС	DLOGY	E :	3	
	Subject & Cou			e Title				ester Credits	
F:	empirical metho	ption: This course introduces students to d. Students learn how to design, carry to experimental research. Data analysis	out and	d write up	their				
G:	Allocation of Co Learning Setting	ontact Hours to Type of Instruction / gs	H:	Course 1		quisites:			
	Primary Method Learning Setting	ls of Instructional Delivery and/or gs:							
	Lecture		I:	Course ONONE	Coreq	juisites:			
	Number of Cont each descriptor)	act Hours: (per week /semester for	J:	Course	for wl	hich this (Course is a F	Prerequisite	
	Lecture:	4 hours per week / semester		NONE					
	Number of Wee	ks per Semester: 15		36 :	- CI	a:			
			K:	Maximu	ım Cl	ass Size:			
				35					
L:	PLEASE INDIC	CATE:							
	Non-Credit								
	College Credit Non-Transfer								
	X College Credit Transfer:								
	SEE BC TRANSFER GUIDE FOR TRANSFER DETAILS (<u>www.bccat.bc.ca</u>)								

M: Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes:

At the conclusion of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Identify the rationale for an empirical approach to behaviour.
- 2. Identify the major ethical concerns as they apply to social research projects, especially those using human subjects.
- 3. Explain the differences between conclusions, assumptions, and hypotheses.
- 4. Identify the strengths and weaknesses of various research methods (e.g., case studies, experiments, quasi-experiments, surveys, observational studies)
- 5. Explain the relationship between reliability and validity of measurement scales, observations, and behavioural data.
- 6. Explain the similarities and differences between statistical control and experimental control.
- 7. Explain the reciprocal relationship between internal validity and generalizability of various research designs.
- 8. Identify the major design flaws and analysis errors of other experimenters.
- 9. Describe the benefits and limitations of pilot studies.
- 10. Design, conduct, and analyse simple experiments and/or surveys.
- 11. Write a research report or proposal using APA guidelines.

N: Course Content:

- 1. Introduction to the goals of research
- 2. The power and limitations of the scientific method
- 3. Research ethics
- 4. Reviewing scientific literature
- 5. Design of laboratory experiments
- 6. Confounds
- 7. Design of quasi-experimental research
- 8. Design of survey research
- 9. Sampling methods
- 10. Design of correlational research
- 11. The third variable problem
- 12. Design of field research
- 13. Coding data

Course Content (cont'd)

- 14. Single-subject research designs
- 15. Statistical analysis
- 16. Psychological measurement
- 17. Evaluation of research methods
- 18. Research report writing

O: Methods of Instruction:

This course will employ a number of instructional methods to accomplish its objectives and will include some of the following:

- lectures
- audio visual materials
- small group discussion
- research projects
- computer based tutorial exercises

P: Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students:

Cozby, Paul C., (2000) <u>Methods in Behavioral Research</u> (7th Ed.) Mountain View, CA, Mayfield Publishing

Graziano, A. & Raulin, M. (2000). <u>Research Methods: A Process Inquiry</u> (4th Ed.). New York, Allyn & Bacon.

Or some comparable textbook.

Text will be updated periodically

O: Means of Assessment:

Evaluation will be carried out in accordance with Douglas College policy. Evaluation will be based on course objectives and may include some of the following: quizzes, multiple choice exams, essay type exams, term paper or research project, computer based assignments, etc. The instructor will provide the students with a course outline listing the criteria for course evaluation at the beginning of the semester.

An example of one evaluation scheme:

2 Midterm Exams	50%
Term Project Paper	20%
Final Exam	<u>30%</u>
	100%

R:	Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR							
	No. Given that the course content involves theoretical and empirical analyses of research methods in Psychology, it is unlikely to be open for PLAR except as a credit transfer from another institution.							
Course Designer(s):		Education Council / Curriculum Committee Representative						
Dean	n / Director	Registrar						

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